

Streamlining Evaluation, Measurement & Verification Reporting and Review

June 30, 2016



WEBINAR OVERVIEW

- 1. Background and Introductions
- 2. U.S. DOE Uniform Methods Project
- 3. Standardized EM&V Methods Reporting
- 4. National EE Registry (NEER)
- 5. Q&A

BACKGROUND Why this webinar?



- Share information with Forum members, NEEP allies and partners on national EM&V protocols and reporting developments
- Build understanding of EM&V Forum's role to inform, and also reference, national EM&V efforts
- Bring together range of stakeholders/audiences relevant to these developments

SPEAKERS



Julie Michals Director, NEEP



Arlis Reynolds Principal Cadmus Group



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Uniform Methods Project Overview & Status Update

June 30, 2016

Chuck Kurnik National Renewable Energy Laboratory

UNIFORM METHODS PROJECT

Managed by the DOE Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy





What is the Uniform Methods Project? What have we done to date? How do we do it? How can you use them?



Develop and Publish Protocols for Savings Calculations of Energy Efficiency Measures

- Addresses most common residential and commercial efficiency measures in incentive programs
- Presents step-by-step calculations to determine gross savings
- Includes additional sections to address cross-cutting evaluation requirements



Greater consistency of savings calculations

- Quickly establish good M&V practices
- Facilitate meaningful comparisons

Greater transparency reduces risks

Educational value to broad stakeholder community

- Protocols identify key inputs
- Documentation of methods and calculations
- Educating those new to EM&V

Supports development of best practices for energy efficiency

- Sets data requirements early on
- Confidence when setting and meeting savings targets

Intended Audience



- Jurisdictions with no existing protocols or TRMs
- Regulators
- Program Administrators
- Implementers
- Evaluators



Protocols To Date



Phase 1 – April 2013

Efficiency Measures

- Residential Lighting
- HVAC, Unitary Commercial
- Commercial Lighting
- Residential Refrigerator Recycling
- Residential Whole-House Retrofit
- Commercial Lighting Controls
- HVAC, Residential Boilers and Furnaces

Cross-cutting Protocols

- Assessing Persistence and Other Evaluation Issues
- Metering
- Peak Demand and Time-Differentiated Energy Savings
- Sample Design
- Survey Design and Implementation for Estimating Gross Savings

Phase 2 – February 2015

Efficiency Measures

- Adjustable-Speed Drive Motors
- Chillers
- Commercial New Construction
- Commercial HVAC Controls Energy Management Systems/Direct Digital Control systems
- Retrocommissioning
- Compressed Air Systems
- Data Center Efficiency Servers and Data Storage
- Residential Behavioral Programs

Cross-cutting Protocols

 Estimating Net Savings: Methods and Practice



Have you heard of the protocols created under the US DOE Uniform Methods Project?

–Yes, no, don't know

Have you used any of the UMP protocols?

– Yes, no, don't know





Phase 3 – In Process

Efficiency Measures

- Combined Heat & Power
 - Publish in September 2016

• Strategic Energy Management

- Stakeholder Review Fall 2016
- Publish in Winter 2017

Protocol Organization



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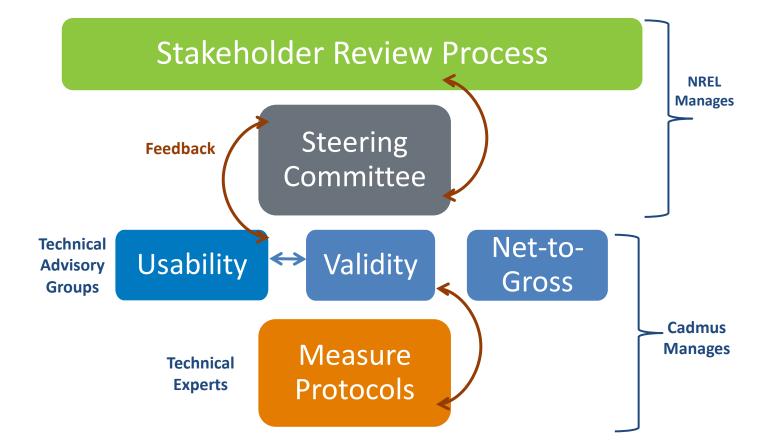
1	Measure D	Description	1		
2	Applicatio	n Conditions of Protocol	2		
3		alculations			
		nining Baseline Consumption			
4	Measurem	ent and Verification Plan	6		
	4.1 Measu	rement and Verification Method	6		
	4.2 Data Collection				
	4.2.1 Measurement Boundary				
	4.2.2	Measurement Period and Frequency			
	4.2.3	Measurement Equipment	8		
	4.2.4	Savings Uncertainty	9		
	4.3 Interactive Effects				
	4.4 Detaile	9			
	4.4.1	Chillers			
	4.4.2	Auxiliary Equipment			
	4.5 Regression Modeling Direction				
	4.5.1	Recommended Method for Model Development			
	4.5.2	Testing Model Validity			
5	Sample De				
6	Other Evaluation Issues				
	6.1 Net-to-Gross Estimation		16		
	6.2 Early H	Replacement			
	6.3 Dual-Baseline Realization Rates				
Re	Concern States (10) and 20		2 * * * * * Z. * * * * * * * * *		
Bi	bliography.				



Protocols developed in collaboration with EM&V industry and major energy efficiency stakeholders

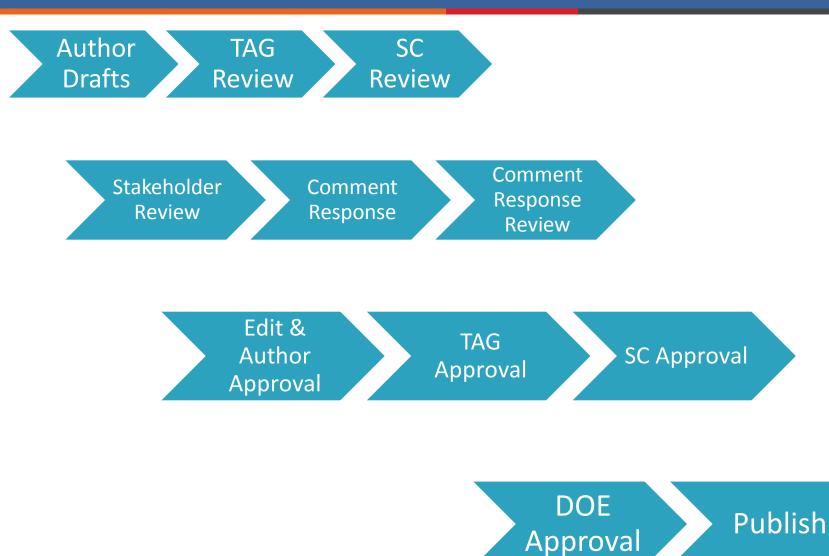
- Protocols developed in collaboration with energy efficiency program administrators, stakeholders, and EM&V consultants
 - Including the major U.S. firms that do as many as 70% of energy efficiency evaluations
- Stakeholder Review process allows for input from large array of stakeholders





Protocol Development Process







Steering Committee Provides High-Level Guidance

- The Uniform Methods Project Steering Committee is composed of energy efficiency stakeholders, including:
 - Energy efficiency program administrators
 - Regulators from public service commissions
 - Investor-owned, public, and cooperative electric and gas utilities
 - Electric utility associations
 - Federal and state agencies involved in energy efficiency programs
 - Energy efficiency advocates
 - Regional energy efficiency organizations

Technical Experts & Technical Advisory Group









WARREN ENERGY ENGINEERING, LLC

Jacobson Energy Research LLC 🕜





BuildingMetrics, Inc



6 Nexant

Pioneering Solutions for a Sustainable Energy Future

GDS Associates, Inc. Engineers and Consultants









- Protocols published as a reference
- Voluntary in nature
- Three primary pathways for adoption
 - Formally by regulators
 - Adopted by program administrators and provided to implementers and evaluators
 - Recommended to clients by evaluators



What new UMP work would you find most valuable?

- **Gamma** Summaries of existing protocols
- **Updates to existing protocols**
- □ Additional measure protocols
- □ Additional cross-cutting protocols
- □ Trainings on use of protocols



Questions? <u>Chuck.Kurnik@nrel.gov</u>

UMP Protocols: http://energy.gov/eere/about-us/ump-protocols

Thank you!



Streamlining EM&V Reporting and Review via Standardized Forms



Impact Evaluation Studies



Overarching Goal

Build credibility of energy efficiency as a resource by building transparency and basic understanding of EM&V practices to support inclusion of growing energy efficiency resources in state, regional, and national energy and environmental policies and markets.

EM&V Methods Reporting

What can standardized forms tell us?

EM&V Plan (what will you do?)

- Program/project description
- EE provider
- Implementation schedule
- Savings projections and EUL
- EM&V methods to be used (alignment with protocols)
- Sampling plan
- Verification plan
- Planned overall certainty of savings estimates (accuracy and reliability of savings)

EM&V Reporting (what did you do?)

- Program/project description
- EE provider
- Implementation schedule
- Reported savings
- EM&V methods used (alignment with protocols)
- Sampling results
- Verification approach used
- Certainty of savings



Standardized EM&V Methods Forms

Intended Uses and Potential Applications



Reporting Entity (evaluators, program administrators, others)

• Use forms to present EM&V methods and results to regulators/others in a consistent format, streamlining reporting and reducing reporting burden

PUCs

(and other state officials/agencies)

• Forms build basic understanding and easy review of EM&V, serves as filter to identify where further review is needed. Allows for benchmarking practices across states

ISO/RTOs

• Forms can help streamline review of evaluation studies supporting EE in forward capacity markets ,and flag where deeper review is needed

US DOE

 Forms help to identify where the Uniform Methods Project EE Savings Protocols are used (and how)

US EPA / State DEPs

• Forms can support EE EM&V documentation in state compliance plans

NEER

• Forms serve as are model for EM&V reporting/documentation for EE registries 24

AUDIENCE POLL #4



With which stakeholder group do you identify?

- Program Administrator
- □ Implementer
- **D** Evaluator
- Regulator / State Official
- □ System Planner
- Other



Two Forms (Prototypes)





Content – Program Form



Program Form

1 – Program Year Summary

2 – **EM&V Methods** Summary

3 – EM&V Rigor Summary

4 – EM&V Protocols

Content – Study Form

Impact Evaluation

Study



Study Form

- 1 General Information
- 2 Study Summary and Results
- 3 EM&V Methods for Gross Savings
- 4 EM&V Methods for Net Savings
- 5 Study EM&V Rigor Summary
- 6-EM&V Protocols
- 7 Recommendations

FORM CONTENT



Program Form

1 – Program Year Summary

2 – **EM&V Methods** Summary

3 – EM&V Rigor Summary

4 – EM&V Protocols

Study Form

- 1 General Information
- 2 Study Summary and Results
- 3 EM&V Methods for Gross Savings
- 4 EM&V Methods for Net Savings
- 5 Study EM&V Rigor Summary
- 6-EM&V Protocols

7 – Recommendations



Online Forms

Public "playspace" available online

		hods Standardized Reporting Forms Regional EM&V Forum	-
	the state of the state of the state of the state of the	heast Energy Efficiency Partnerships, Inc.	
Ø	Crick the button below to create a new Program EM&V Summary Form PROGRAM EM&V METHODS SUMMARY FORM Go to Program record	Click the button below to create a new Study EM&V Methods Summary Form	
	View	rsion 1.0 Prototype	



Program Form – PY Summary

Completed by		Approved by		
Program Administrator	National Grid	Program Name C&I	Retrofit Electric	Home
State	MA	Program Sector C&I	Program	Year 2014
User Guide I. Program Yea	ar Sur Reported Savi	ings ary	III. Program EM&VF % of Por	tfolio (Documents
1. Program Year Savings Summar	ry ?		2. Adjusted Gross Annual Savings Portfolio Savings	Percentage of ?
Savings Type	Electric Energy Electric Demand	Natural Gas	Portiono Savings	
Units	MWh 🔹 😡	MMBtu 💌	% of Portfolio, Electric Energy	19.75
Adjusted Gross Annual Savings			% of Portfolio, Electric Demand	16.54
Net Annual Savings	137549	-17322	% of Portfolio, Natural Gas	
Adjusted Gross Lifetime Savings				
			7	
Net Lifetime Savings	High leve	discussion		
3. Program Year EM&V Summary	? of EM&	V activities	4. Capacity Market Participation	?
A. Are there new evaluation results that	t influence program savings from the previous re	eporting year?	ISO-New England	
● Yes ○ No ○ N/A			Орум	
D. Describe pow EM9V activity that influ	uence savings for this program year compared	to the provinue year	 Not reported Other (describe below) 	
,	d with the 2014 Play Year Report that impacted			
	ect and the Retrofit Lighting Controls Measures			
			Indicate next	icipation
			Indicate part	licipation
, , , , ,	/&V activity that will impact program savings es		in capacity	markets
	s that will directly influence C&I Retrofit program ions, looking at process and HVAC measures.	m savings going forward.		

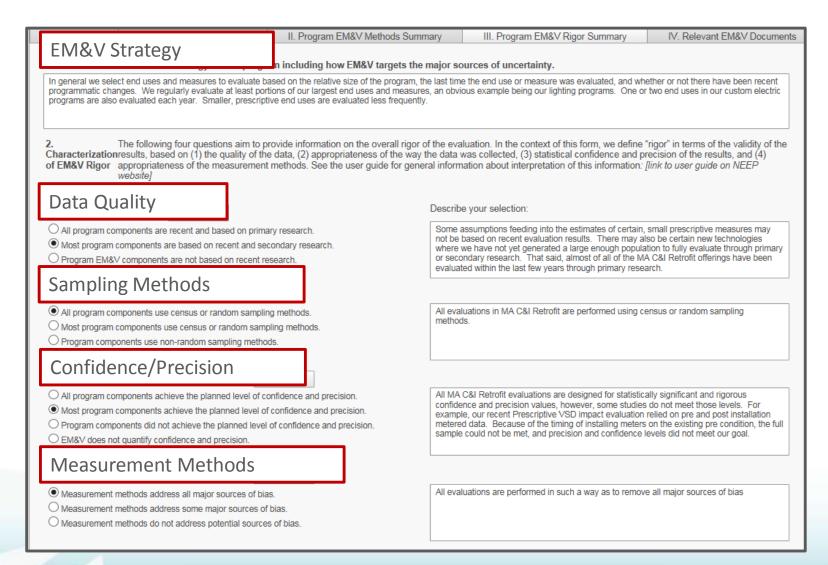


Program Form – EM&V Methods

1. Are EM&V activities performed at the program \bigcirc Yes \odot No \bigcirc N/A	Ievel? ? 2. Are EM&V activities conducted Image: State of the state of th	by independent, third-party evaluation contractor(s)?
3. Indicate EM&V methods used to evaluate progr	ram savings for each savings component. ?	
Baseline	Verification	Gross Savings
Stipulated baseline Building code or federal/state standard Standard practice Dual or dynamic baseline Other (describe below) Not applicable	 None ✓ Document review Participant survey ✓ Visual (on-site) inspection ✓ Other (describe below) Not applicable In some cases additional, more detailed commissioning studies are performed to verify operation of equipment before the full incentive is paid. 	Deemed savings Engineering desk review Measurement & verification Large scale consumption data analysis Top-down analysis (macro consumption) Other (describe below) Not applicable
Net-to-Gross		Persistence
 ☐ Stipulated NTG ratio ☑ Self-reporting surveys ☐ Trade ally panel ☐ Large-scale consumption data analysis 	Measure Life	None Degradation Rebound Other (describe below) Not applicable
 Cross-sectional studies Top-down evaluations Market sales data analysis Structured expert judgement approach Historical tracing (case study) Other (describe below) Not applicable 	Stipulated value, program-level Stipulated value, measure-level Project-specific values	



Program Form - EM&V RIGOR





Program Form - EM&V Protocols

User Guide I. Program Year Summary	II. Program EM&V Methods Summary	III. Program EM&V Rigor Summary	IV. Relevant EM&V Documents
The EM&V studies supporting the reported savings	for the program reference the selected natio	onal and regional protocols.	
National Pro	tocols	Regional/State-Specific Protocols	? ngs Assumption Guidelines
🗵 U.S. DOE Uniform Met	hods Project	Region/State	Protocols
☑ International Performational Performation Measurement and Verific	ance	⊠ ISO-New England M&V of Demand R	
Provide additional information for selected protocols:		Provide additional information for selected pro	otocols.:
The supporting EM&V studies for this program are to Relevant EM&V Studies (provide name and links 1. 2011-2012 Massachusetts Prescriptive VSD Impa 2. Impact and Process Evaluation Building Operator Program Final Report. 3. Impact Evaluation of 2004 Compressed Air Presc 4. Impact Evaluation of 2009 Custom HVAC Installat 6. Impact Evaluation of 2010 Custom Lighting Install 7. Impact Evaluation of 2010 Custom Process and C 8. Impact Evaluation of 2010 Custom Refrigeration, 1 9. Impact Evaluation of 2011 Custom Refrigeration, 1 10. Impact Evaluation of the Massachusetts Upstream 11. Massachusetts Combined Heat and Prover Program	s to studies) ct Evaluation. Training and Certification (BOC) riptive Rebates. Installations. toms. compressed Air Installations. stallations. Motor, and Other Installations. b Lighting Program. Final Report.	List of relevant EM&V Studies	

Study Form – Summary & Results



(same tabs as Program Forms plus...)

oint Utilities	Starlights Residential Lighting P					have changed since the 199 I net savings impacts for the		aluation of
Stur Des	Par	rameter		Value	Units	Relative Precision	Confidence Interval]
he o kteri stall	Delta Watt (CFL)			48.7	Watts	5.0	90	% for
	Delta Watt (interior	fixtures)		48.7	%	10.0	90	
-	Delta Watt (exterior	r fixtures)		94.7	%	11.4]	╡ <u></u> ──┘
Fab sult	Delta Watt (torchier	res)		115.8	%	15.5		Irameter
	In-service rates (CR	FL bulbs)		61.6	%	7.5		
	In-service rates (int	erior fixtures)	76.5	%	10.1	90	
)elta	In-service rates (exterior fixtures) In-service rates (torchieres) In-service rates (overall)		s)	79.8	%	9.9	90	
Delta			81.0	%	13.1	90		
Delta			66.5	%	5.1	90		
Delta n-se	Daily hours of use (CFL bulbs) Daily hours of use (interior fixtures)			2.7	hours	17.7	90	
n-se				2.1	hours	24.3	90	
								_

Study Form – EM&V Methods

(more detail that Program Forms)



1. Select method(s) for gross impact analysis: more info P Deemed savings Engineering desk review Measurement & verification Large scale consumption data analysis Top-down analysis (macro consumption) Other (describe below) Not applicable 2. Select sampling method(s) for gross impact analysis: more info more info Census Sampling Unit more info Sample Participant Sample Size Other Non-Participant Sample Size Non-Participant Sample Size more info 3. Select method(s) for installation verification: more info more info	 Deemed Savings Engineering Review M&V (IPMVP) Large Scale Data Consumption Analysis Top-Down Analysis Other N/A
 None □ Document review Participant survey ✓ Visual (on-site) inspection Other (describe below) Not applicable 	⊠ Sample
4. Select data collection method(s) for gross impact analysis: ☐ None ☐ Utility consumption ("billing") data ☐ Interval whole-building meter data ☑ Component meter or EMS data (proxy)	 ☑ Participant survey ☑ Visual inspection
Component meter or EMS data (power) 5. Indicate method(s) for estimating baseline: Stipulated baseline	⊠ Component meter
Building code or federal/state standard Standard practice Existing conditions Dual or dynamic baseline Other (describe below) Not applicable	Baseline assumptions

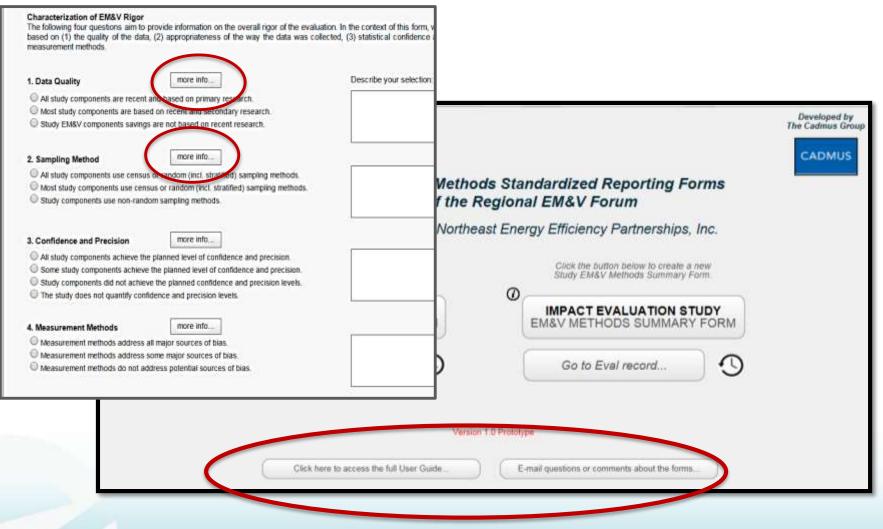


Study Form - Recommendations

Recommendation	Response Type	Response
It is recommend that the Sponsors consider using "adjustment" or "correction factors" to guide assumptions that will be used for 2005 planning purposes.		
The proper "correction factor" of total CFL counts to use for other telephone surveys is the ratio of on-site counts (14.4 per household) to the self reports among the on-site sample (9.2 per household). The suggested ratio would result in a		
Correction factors for installed RLP are 0.68 of telephone results for CFLs, 1.40 for torchieres, 1.00 (no correction factor) for interior fixtures, and 1.13 for exterior fixtures.		
Correction factors for installation rate survey results are 0.74 for CFLs, 0.88 for torchieres, 0.84 for interior fixtures, and 0.90 for exterior fixtures.		
Correction factors for telephone survey results of average daily use are 0.81 for CFLs, 1.04 for torchieres, 0.84 for interior fixtures, and 0.93 for exterior fixtures.		
	It is recommend that the Sponsors consider using "adjustment" or "correction factors" to guide assumptions that will be used for 2005 planning purposes. The proper "correction factor" of total CFL counts to use for other telephone surveys is the ratio of on-site counts (14.4 per household) to the self reports among the on-site sample (9.2 per household). The suggested ratio would result in a Correction factors for installed RLP are 0.68 of telephone results for CFLs, 1.40 for torchieres, 1.00 (no correction factor) for interior fixtures, and 1.13 for exterior fixtures. Correction factors for installation rate survey results are 0.74 for CFLs, 0.88 for torchieres, 0.84 for interior fixtures, and 0.90 for exterior fixtures. Correction factors for telephone survey results of average daily use are 0.81 for CFLs, 1.04 for torchieres, 0.84 for interior	It is recommend that the Sponsors consider using "adjustment" or "correction factors" to guide assumptions that will be used for 2005 planning purposes. The proper "correction factor" of total CFL counts to use for other telephone surveys is the ratio of on-site counts (14.4 per household) to the self reports among the on-site sample (9.2 per household). The succested ratio would result in a Correction factors for installed RLP are 0.68 of telephone results for CFLs, 1.40 for torchieres, 1.00 (no correction factor) for interior fixtures, and 1.13 for exterior fixtures. Correction factors for installation rate survey results are 0.74 for CFLs, 0.88 for torchieres, 0.84 for interior fixtures, and 0.90 for exterior fixtures. Correction factors for telephone survey results of average daily use are 0.81 for CFLs, 1.04 for torchieres, 0.84 for interior



Form Guidance





Application of Standardized EM&V Methods Reporting Forms Residential Lighting HOU Studies

<u>http://www.neep.org/residential-lighting-deep-dive-</u> <u>brief-comparison-savings-assumptions-across-</u> <u>northeast-and-mid</u>



Pilot Testing (Summer-Fall 2015)

- Test the forms, process, and value
- Program vs Study forms
- What questions were we trying to answer?
 - Level of difficulty to complete each form
 - Length of time to complete each form
 - Functional success of forms?
 - Value of the content? What's missing, what's not needed?
 - Form improvements?
 - Do the forms provide info needed by regulators to streamline EM&V review process?



Pilot Results - General feedback

- Forms easy to use
- Training was helpful
- Not too time consuming
- Improve guidance and clarifications throughout
- Level of detail in open text fields?
- Clarify audit/QC/approval/submit process
- Forms do not describe which and how new EM&V results impact reported savings, and how they compare to prior assumptions
- Avoid redundancy and minimize reporting burden

Take a Peek



<u>http://www.neep.org/initiatives/emv-forum/model-emv-methods-</u> <u>standardized-reporting-forms</u>



AUDIENCE POLL #5



For what regulatory, policy, or market purposes would the EM&V method reporting forms be most helpful?

- **EE** Program Reporting to PUC
- **D** Evaluation Planning
- □ State Air Quality SIPs and other compliance plans
- □ Capacity Markets Reporting
- Other

EM&V Methods Reporting Forms



Next Steps

2016

- Continue to gather input from Forum states on improvements to forms, building on pilot results
- Provide technical support to states interested in testing forms (private portal pilot site to store forms)
- Participate in national discussions on standardized documentation for EM&V methods (e.g., NEER)

2017 (TBD contingent on funding)

- Continue participation in national discussions
- Modify forms based on state feedback/pilot experience, and align with national efforts to ensure forms can support multiple policy needs
- Develop standardized EM&V Plan form?

NATIONAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY REGISTRY

Streamlining EM&V Reporting and Review Webinar

June 30, 2016

Audrey Starkebaum, Policy Analyst E4TheFuture



Disclaimer

The information in this presentation has been prepared by and is the sole responsibility of E4TheFuture. E4TheFuture is not a project partner and does not represent DOE, the six states, and/or partners TCR and NASEO. As such, the views expressed in this presentation are strictly those of E4TheFuture and may not coincide precisely with information provided by the above-referenced project, participating states, or project partners.

Audrey Starkebaum, Policy Analyst, E4TheFuture, serves as a member of the Steering / Advisory Committee for the above-referenced project; this presentation is not paid for under the DOE award.



About the NEER

- A central repository that will allow the public and private sectors to transparently track attributes associated with energy efficiency initiatives
- Policy neutral
- Built on best practice
 - Registry design
 - EE accounting and reporting protocols
- Will help states demonstrate progress toward energy goals and potential compliance with existing and future regulation
- Will be able to track energy efficiency and other types of reduction efforts



NEER Objectives

- Provide a consistent framework for EE to be included as an "eligible resource" in federal and state plans
- Demonstrate verification of EE projects according to the appropriate eligibility standards
- Facilitate the opportunity for inter- and intrastate trading



Benefits of a NEER

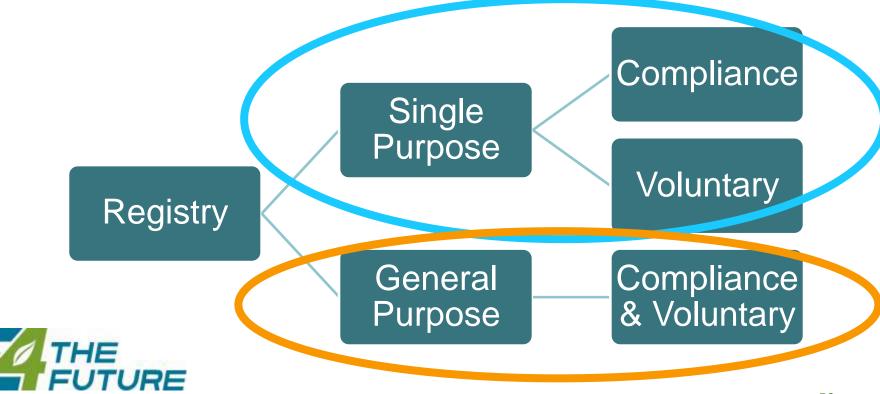
The NEER will:

- Not prescribe EM&V but will outline consistent requirements for data
- Aggregate rate payer and non-rate payer programs
- Support the development of financial instruments representing verified EE savings
- Be flexible to support a range of EE projects and program types



About Attribute Registries

Attribute registries come in all shapes and sizes



About Attribute Registries

Attribute registries track the non-energy attributes of generation

Single Purpose Compliance Registries

- Acid Rain Program Registry
- Ozone Transport Commission NO_x Registry
- RGGI Allowance Registry

Voluntary Certification Registries

- Verified Carbon Standard Registry
- Green-e
- Low Impact Hydropower Institute Registry

General Purpose "All Non Energy Attributes" Certificate Registries

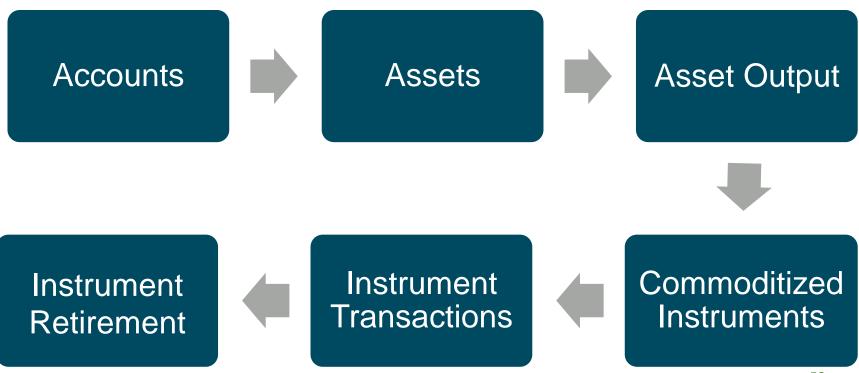
- NEPOOL Generation Information System (GIS)
- PJM Generation Attributes Tracking System (GATS)
- WREGIS
- NARR
- MRETS



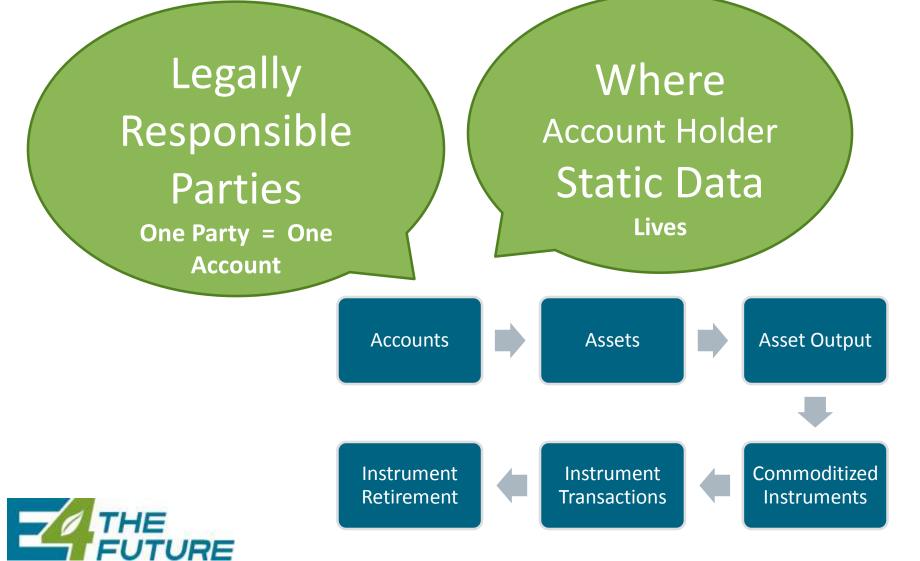


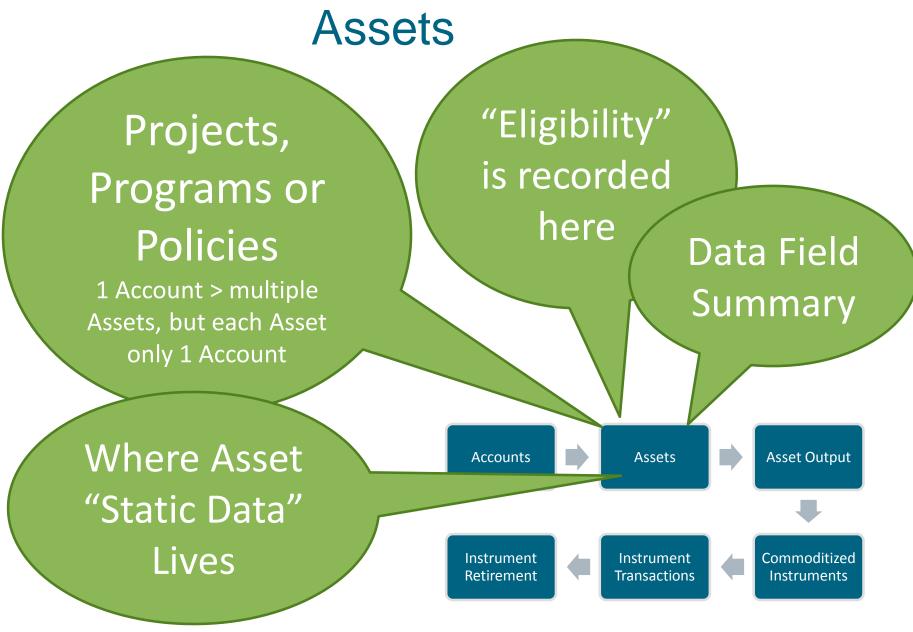
Basic Registry Elements

 Basic elements are found in most attribute registries supporting various policies



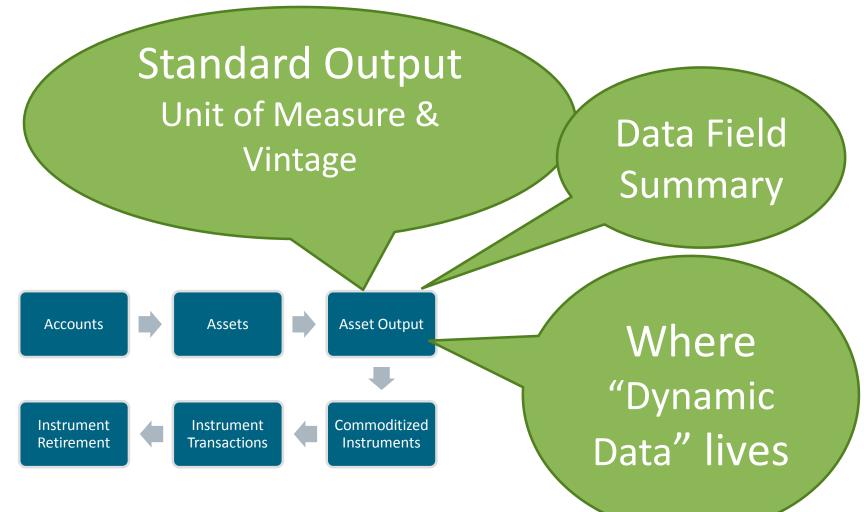
Accounts



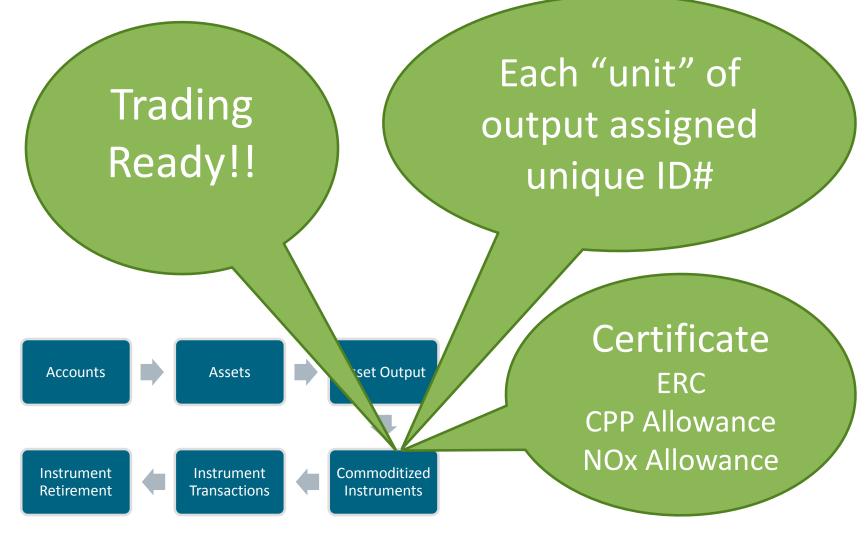


*or their agents

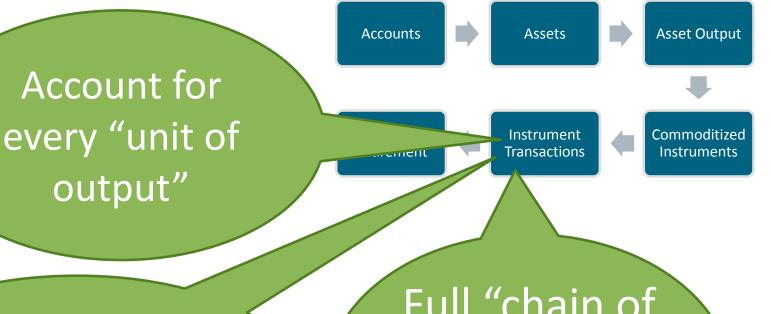
Asset Output



Commoditized Instruments



Instrument Transactions



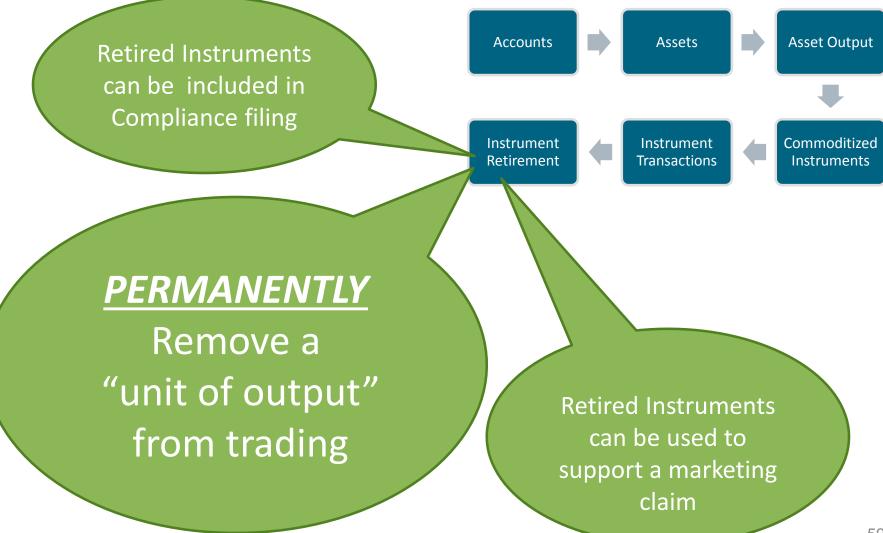
Conservation of Instruments



Full "chain of custody"

from Asset Registration to Instrument Retirement

Instrument Retirement



NEER Development Elements

States Initiative on Principles and Governance

Policy & Integration Working Groups

NATIONAL ENERGY EFFICIENCY REGISTRY

Committee to Draft Functional Requirements Development and Implementation



State Initiative on Principles and Governance

- Two-year initiative to define:
 - NEER Principles and Operating Rules
 - Steering/Advisory Committee to develop and finalize
 - Multi-stakeholder Working Group ensures Principles and Rules meet the needs of all stakeholders
 - Demonstration software developed to inform rules
 - Roadmap for state adoption and implementation
 - Key functional platform components
- Funded though U.S. DOE 2015 State Energy Program Award to Tennessee



State Initiative on Principles and Governance Timeline

Timeframe	Task
March – April 2016	Formation of Multi-stakeholder Working Group & Steering/Advisory Committee
April 2016 – February 2017	Multi-stakeholder Working Group to draft NEER Principles and Operating Rules
April – May 2017	Public comment period for draft NEER Principles and Operating Rules
September 2017	Final roadmap for state adoption and implementation
October 2017	Key functional platform requirements

Poll Questions #6-8

Thank you!

For more information, please contact:

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