

Powering Maryland's Future

EmPOWER Maryland Planning Overview

Kevin Lucas

- Overview of EmPOWER Maryland
- EmPOWER Planning Group Process
- Developing a Cost Effectiveness Testing Methodology
- Progress to Date and Challenges Faced

EmPOWER Maryland Overview

Before EmPOWER Act of 2008

- Broad statutory framework
- "Any cost effective and appropriate" energy efficiency and conservation program
- Natural gas and electricity
- EmPOWER Act added specific goals for utilities
 - I 5% per capita energy and demand reduction by 2015
 - 3 year plan cycles
 - Utilities responsible for ALL peak demand and "at least" 10% of energy goals
 - Covers four largest IOUs and largest coop
 - ▶ ~97% of state electric load

EmPOWER Progress to Date

- Progress accelerating in recent years
 - Over I million MWh annual reduction in 2013
- On target for demand reduction goals
 - I4.6% reduction through 2013
- Trailing on total energy reduction goals
 - I0.1% reduction through 2013
 - > 2013 numbers helped by warm winter
 - Extreme weather spiked usage in Jan./Feb. 2014, but cool summer mitigated impact



- Overview of EmPOWER Maryland
- EmPOWER Planning Group Process
- Developing a Cost Effectiveness Testing Methodology
- Progress to Date and Challenges Faced



EmPOWER Planning Group

MEA submitted report to GA in Jan 2013

- Whether to set goals beyond 2015
- Whether to set natural gas goals beyond 2015
- MEA recommended doing both
- EmPOWER Planning Group (EPG) formed Spring 2013
 - Working group structure with state agencies, utilities, advocates, and industry stakeholders
 - > 2015-2017 target program cycle design and development

EmPOWER Planning Group

Key Tasks

- Update avoided cost of energy and non-energy benefits for each utility
- Standardize cost effectiveness testing methodology for program design
- Update baseline and potential studies to determine achievable levels of cost effective savings
- Consider changes or additions to current program offerings
- Develop program proposals for for 2015-2017 cycle
 - Utility in lead with review by PSC Staff and MEA



EmPOWER Planning Proposed Process



Powering Maryland's Future

- Overview of EmPOWER Maryland
- EmPOWER Planning Group Process
- Developing a Cost Effectiveness Testing Methodology
- Progress to Date, Challenges Faced, Lessons Learned



Developing a CE Testing Methodology

In a perfect world

- All cost and benefits are completely quantifiable and deterministic
- NEB and OPI are easily obtained and readily incorporated
- Policy and financial goals are aligned between utilities, participants, non-participants, and governments
- Development of internally consistent methodology produces a simple input > output process
- Bright line test determines which programs or portfolios make sense
- In the real world
 - Not so much!



Real World Issues

Given the real-world constraints, how do policy makers construct a good methodology?

- First, develop a methodology!
- Understand the true options that are being considered
- Uncertainty is no reason to ignore something
- Calculate sensitivity of tests to certain key assumptions
- Consider impact of programs on different players
- Address market failures to reduce or eliminate barriers to participation

Methodology Development Challenges

- Pushed for consensus where possible, but key differences remained
 - Avoided Costs
 - Modeling produced capacity values above current market rates
 - Discount rates
 - Utilities wanted WACC; EE advocates pushed for lower rates
 - NEBs
 - Pushback from some utilities on uncertainty of values and appropriateness of inclusion
 - Establishment of baseline assumptions
 - Always planned on running sensitivities, but hard to establish what was in baseline.
- Ultimately, went with "80%" rather than consensus filing
 - Still, process elevated all parties understanding of issues

Methodology Development Challenges

NEBs were particularly challenging

- Debate amongst participants of threshold question of should they be included
- Additional debate about valuation and certainty of quantified NEBs
- Engaged Itron to do a literature survey to develop quantitative estimates for four key NEBs
 - Air emissions (health impacts), Comfort, Reduced Arrearages, C&I
 O&M reductions
 - Developed low, medium, and high values
- Application of NEBs was done in scenario/sensitivity analysis



- Overview of EmPOWER Maryland
- EmPOWER Planning Group Process
- Developing a Cost Effectiveness Testing Methodology
- Progress to Date, Challenges Faced, Lessons Learned



Overall Progress to Date

- Solid progress on analytical aspects
 - Study on Avoided Cost completed
 - Cost effectiveness methodology guidelines completed
 - Scenario/Sensitivities defined for Potential Study
 - Potential Study results due mid-January
- Commission holding hearing for cost effectiveness and post-2015 goals in Mid-February
 - Comments due by Jan 30
 - Opportunity for parties to advocate for their positions
 - Topics will include policy guidance, goal structures, and quantitative results of potential study

Challenges Faced, Lessons Learned

Challenges

- Additional savings over standards vs. ratepayer impacts
- Uncertainty over forecast values for avoided costs
- Non-energy benefits: treatment and valuation
- Timeline compression
- Lessons Learned
 - Wide-ranging stakeholder groups are critical
 - Start early!
 - Consensus requires cooperation by all parties
 - Even if you don't attain consensus, there is significant value in the process



Thank You!



Powering Maryland's Future

Kevin Lucas

Director of Policy, Planning, and Analysis Maryland Energy Administration Kevin.Lucas@Maryland.gov

