



Launching Into Space: Advanced M&V For Our Region

Moderator: Miles Ingram, Eversource

Michele Melley, CT Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

Sam Fernandes, LBNL

Chris Balbach, PSD

Teri Lutz, Michaels Energy

Pasi Miettinen, Sagewell



Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection



Standardized, Sustainable and Transparent EM&V – Integrating New Approaches in Connecticut

Michele Melley
NEEP Public Meeting: Stellar EM&V
Providence, Rhode Island
May 21, 2019



Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection

Standardized, Sustainable and Transparent EM&V- Integrating New Approaches in Connecticut

Funding:

**DOE Funding: Office of Energy Efficiency
Renewable Energy.**

Cost Match: Project Partners

Project Goals:

This project will test the use of advanced data analytics and collection tools (M&V 2.0) through a statewide pilot and compare these findings with traditional M&V practices.

The project team will transfer those results and experiences to other states along with additional EM&V 2.0 research and experiences from across the country.



Impact:

- Develop M&V 2.0 software tool standards and protocols
- Broad scale adoption and use of M&V 2.0 tools in CT based on pilot results
- State and regional education on automated versus traditional approaches to EM&V

Partners:

- NH, NY, RI, VT, NEEP, LBNL
- Eversource Connecticut (utility)
- United Illuminating (utility)

Stakeholders:

- State energy offices, regulators, utilities, program administrators, evaluators, system planners, facility managers

CT Advanced M&V Pilot: Status

Commercial Pilot-Completed

- Targeted 2-3 Dozen Commercial Buildings
- AMI Data
- RCx, Energy Opportunities, SBEA
- Compared Advanced M&V to “Traditional –savings estimates, time and cost.



CT Advanced M&V Pilot: Status

Commercial Pilot- **Completed**

Resources/Deliverables-

- Utilities Traditional Savings Memo
- LBNL'S Implementation Resource Guide
- Pilot Results Memo-Coming Soon
- State Partner Workshops
- Outreach Plan
- Research Briefs/Guidance



CT Advanced M&V Pilot: Status

Progress

Transfer M&V Tool to Industry

- **Utilities-Considering Use of Tool in Implementation Phase**
 - Project Criteria: expected savings > 5%, retrofit baseline, no DG**
- **LBNL-Trained CT Utility Staff**



CT Advanced M&V Residential Pilot: Status

Residential Pilot-Planning Phase

Scope:

- Targeting ~ 2,000-3,000 CT “HES” homes
- Monthly Consumption Data- (not AMI)
- Compare the advanced M&V to “Traditional”
-savings estimates, time and costs
- NEEP will track the process of using these
tools and share results with states.



NEXT STEPS

- Residential Tool Selected-Finalize Contract
- CT Utilities Provide HES Data –input Advanced M&V tool.
- Finalize Pilot Design



THANK YOU

- [Michele Melley](#)
- Michele.L.Melley@CT.gov
- 860-827-2621



M&V 2.0: Connecticut C&I Pilot

Stellar EM&V Annual Public Meeting

21 May 2019

Research Team

Jessica Granderson, Eliot Crowe, Samir Touzani, Sam Fernandes

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory

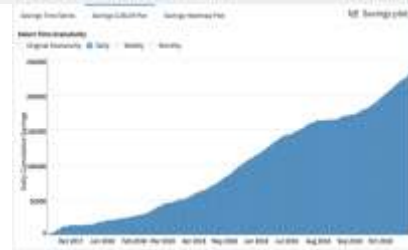
Advanced M&V Savings Estimate Process

3-step project review sequence:

- Expected savings $> 5\%$
- CUSUM chart profile relatively straight
- Compare advanced M&V savings estimate to traditional M&V savings estimate

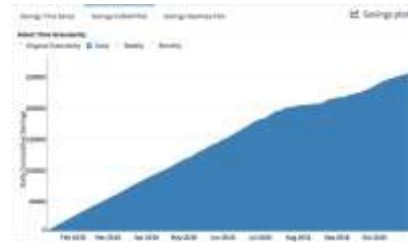
Findings kWh and Fractional Savings

Category 1



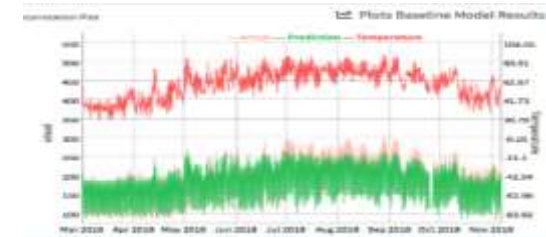
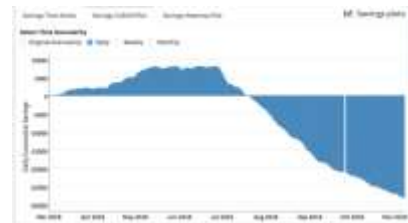
Trad.	Adv.
234,032	231,361
12%	11.9%

Category 2



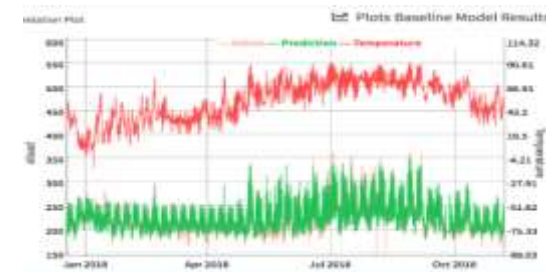
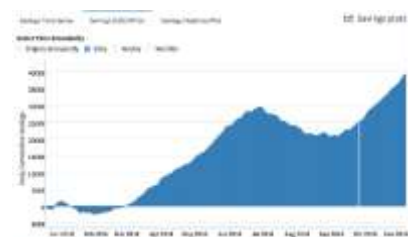
Trad.	Adv.
588,840	254,604
26%	13.8%

Category 3



Trad.	Adv.
59,738	-16,555
4.4%	-1.6%

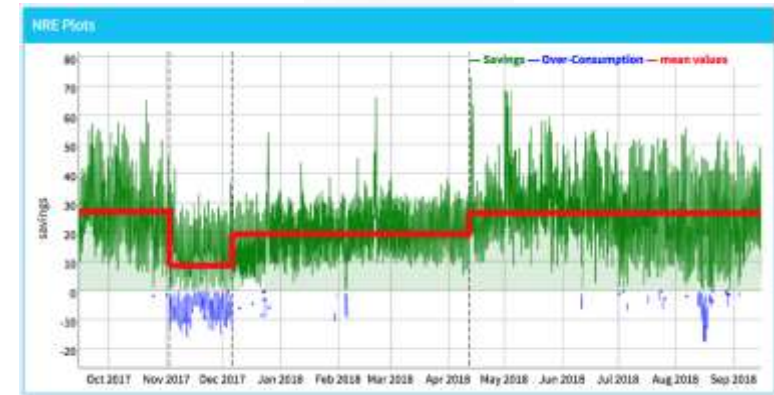
Category 4



Trad.	Adv.
49,013	39,377
2.3%	2.2%

Key Takeaways

- Early feedback + visibility into savings as they accrue.
 - Identify underperforming projects
 - Non-routine events could be detected in a timely manner
-
- Advanced M&V not proposed as a direct replacement for comprehensive EM&V
 - Pilots in other regions reveal similar trends



For more information: <https://buildings.lbl.gov/emis/assessment-automated-mv-methods>
ecrowe@lbl.gov , sgfernandes@lbl.gov

THANK YOU!

More details on our tool:
<https://github.com/LBNL-ETA/RMV2.0>



We Speak  Building

M&V Lessons Learned –

Duke Energy “Smart Energy Now” Behavioral Energy Savings Program



Northeast Energy Efficiency Partnerships

Chris Balbach, PE, CMVP, CEM, BESA

NEEP Stellar EM&V

Annual Public Meeting

May 21, 2019



~ 65 participating buildings

- 11 million+ conditioned square foot
- Savings compared to “2010” baseline period
- Savings target (%) set at community level

Variety of Building Types

- Offices / Financial Services
- Hotels / Retail
 - Mixed Use Buildings
- Municipally Owned Buildings
 - Jail / Courthouse

All Buildings represented by EPA Portfolio Manager

High Level Overview



GOAL:

- Leverage large quantities of data

BARRIERS / ISSUES:

- Need to create *meaning* from the flood of *measured* data
- Real time (max 15 minute delay) feedback required
- Maintain Privacy

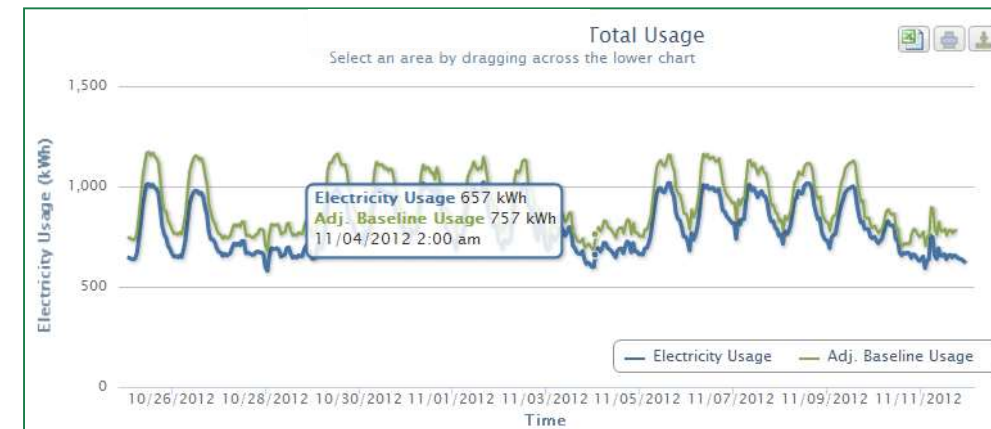
PSD SOLUTION:

- Real time **Whole Community** “efficiency meter” with a **community wide view of performance**
- Real time **Whole Building** “efficiency meter” for Building mngrs

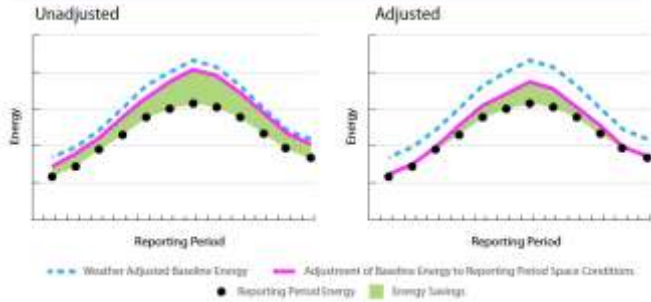
INNOVATIONS REQUIRED:

- Provide guidance to building owners & occupants to operate efficiently **and neither reward nor penalize economic growth**
- Use **transparent** M&V approach to developing savings adjustments (eventual third party EM&V review)

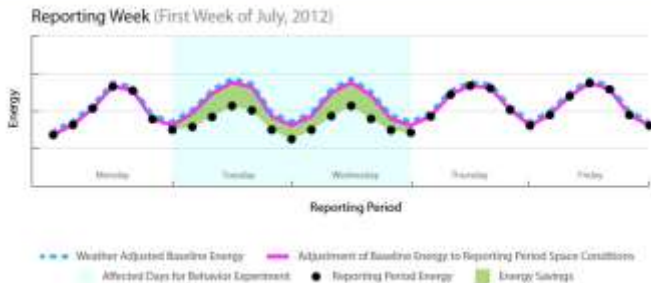
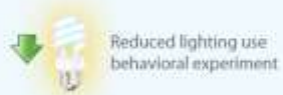
“Smart Energy Now“ Program



**Recording Changes (Non-routine Adjustments)
Overestimated Savings**

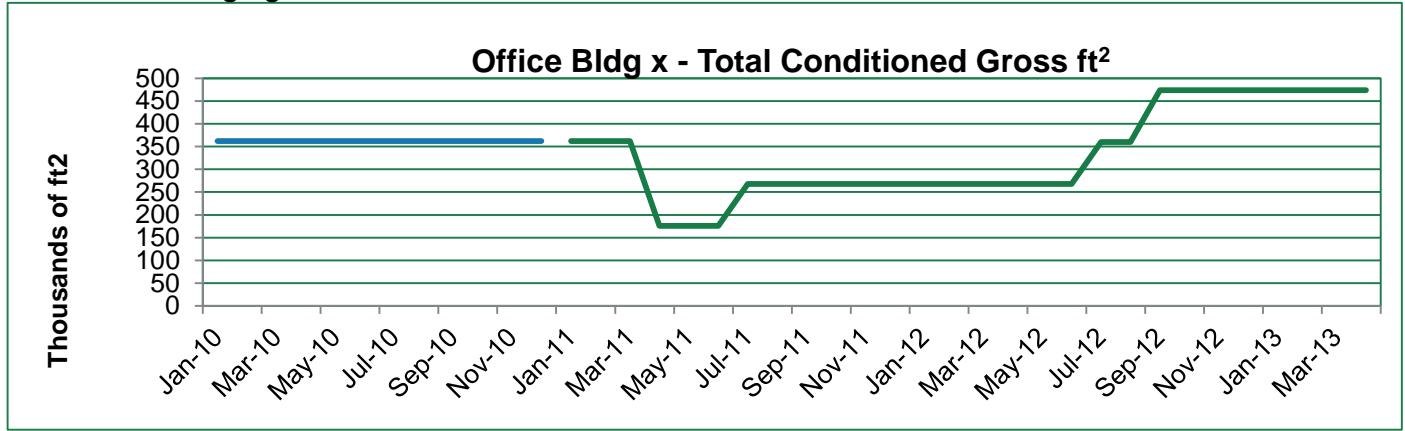


Behavioral Experiment Savings



Issues with Non Routine Event(s)

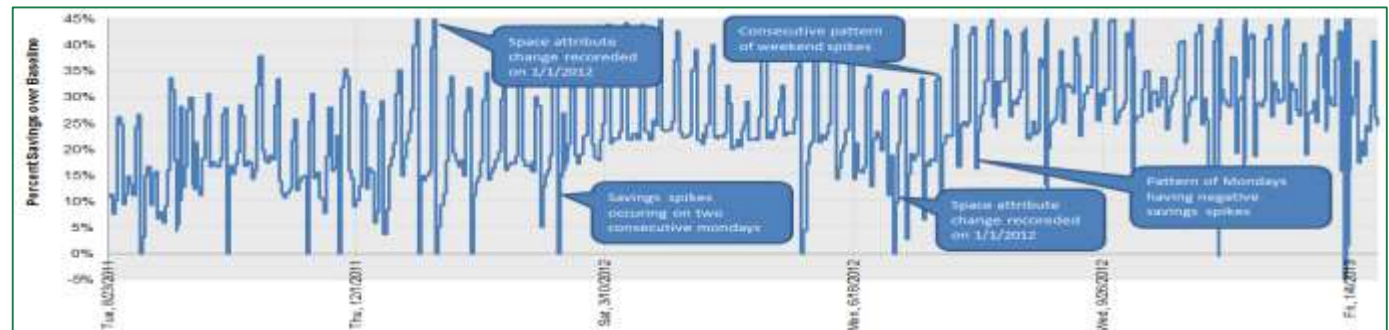
Issue 1: Buildings gain / lose tenants...



Issue 2: Building Specific "Savings" can be difficult to interpret...



Issue 3: Automated analysis of 'savings' data can reveals patterns - but not causes...



Issues Discovered / Lessons Learned

- **Issues Discovered**
 - Customers lacked incentive to record/ update “Building Characteristics”.
 - Building Managers lacked a “Peer Comparison” to drive competition.
 - Economic Impact of recession was significant (2011+).
 - Duke Energy unable to leverage system data for program claimed savings (3rd party EM&V)
- **Lessons Learned**
 - Improve approach by ‘custom’ building generation of ‘EPA Scaling Factor’.
 - Onboard EM&V consultant with technology approach as soon as possible.

Thank you for your time
and attention!

Chris Balbach, PE, CEM, CMVP, BESA
Vice President of Research and Development
Performance Systems Development of NY, LLC
124 Brindley Street, Suite 4, Ithaca, NY 14850
<http://www.psdconsulting.com>

P4P AND ACTIONABLE INTELLIGENCE

NEEP 2019 ANNUAL MEETING, MAY 21

TERI LUTZ, MICHAELS ENERGY



MichaelsEnergy



Pay for Performance

- ✓ What is P4P?
- ✓ What are the objectives?
- ✓ How can it be achieved?
- ✓ What else should be considered?

Pay for Performance

What is it?

- ✓ P4P programs reward energy savings on an ongoing basis as the savings occur
- ✓ Savings - and payments - based on metered data



Sort of like this...
but smarter.

Pay for Performance

What are the objectives?



- ✓ Procure EE investment
- ✓ Shift from flat-rate rebate to market-based
- ✓ Increase EE savings and persistence over time
- ✓ Deliver locational and time savings to support/secure grid
- ✓ Stimulate innovation in program design

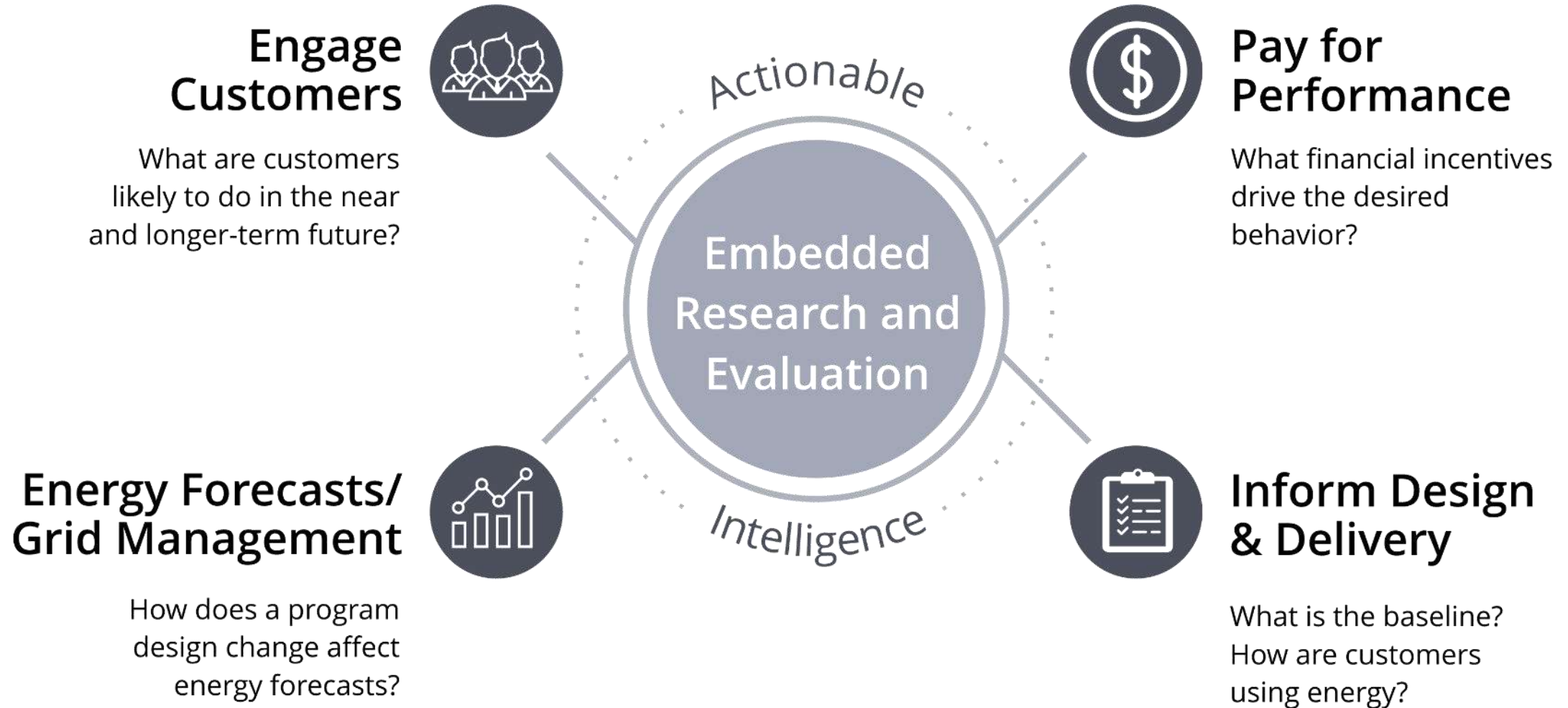
Pay for Performance

How can it be achieved?

- ✓ Smart metering infrastructure
- ✓ NMEC: Normalized Metered Energy Consumption
- ✓ Transparent open source tools, such as OpenEEMeter
- ✓ Empirically tested methods, such as CalTRACK



Considering Actionable Intelligence to...



THANK YOU!



Teri Lutz
Michaels Energy
trlutz@michaelsenergy.com

Common Sense M&V

Goals, AMI Analytics Methods & Outcomes

NEEP Stellar Evaluation
May 21, 2019

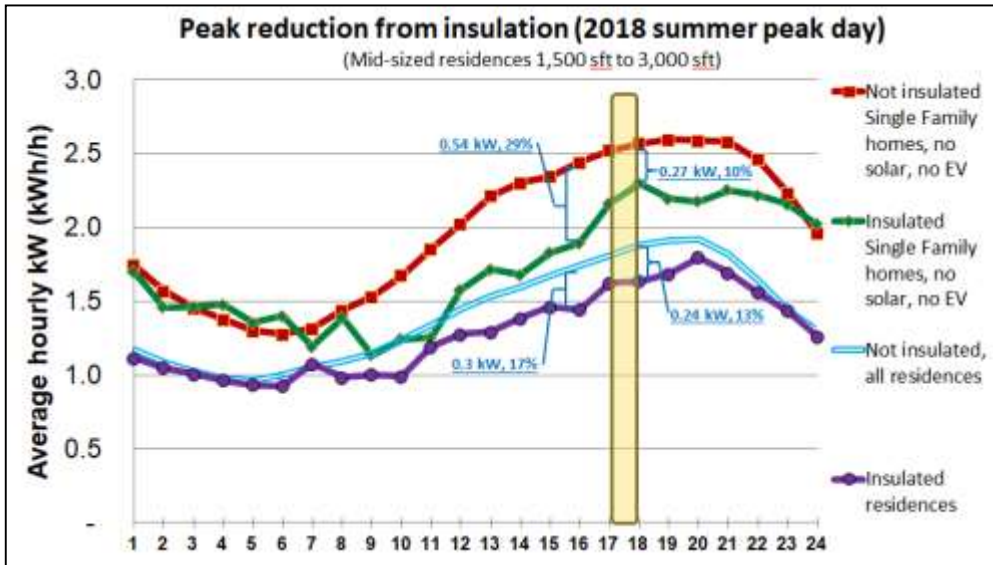


Pasi Miettinen
CEO, Sagewell, Inc.
pasi@sagewell.com



Energy efficiency – a success story?

Peak day AMI Meter data analysis



Peak reduction: typically 10% to 15%

Programs often assume 40%+

Effectiveness requires: Q * I

(Quantity times impact)

Total housing stock:	100 %	
% of all homes that get energy audit/yr:	3 %	
% of above homes that weatherize:	33 %	
Avg. weatherized home energy Savings:	10 %	100%
Annual energy savings from weatheriz.:	0.1 %	1%
Weatherization savings from last 10 years:	1 %	
Spending on EE programs/yr in MA:	\$500 Million	

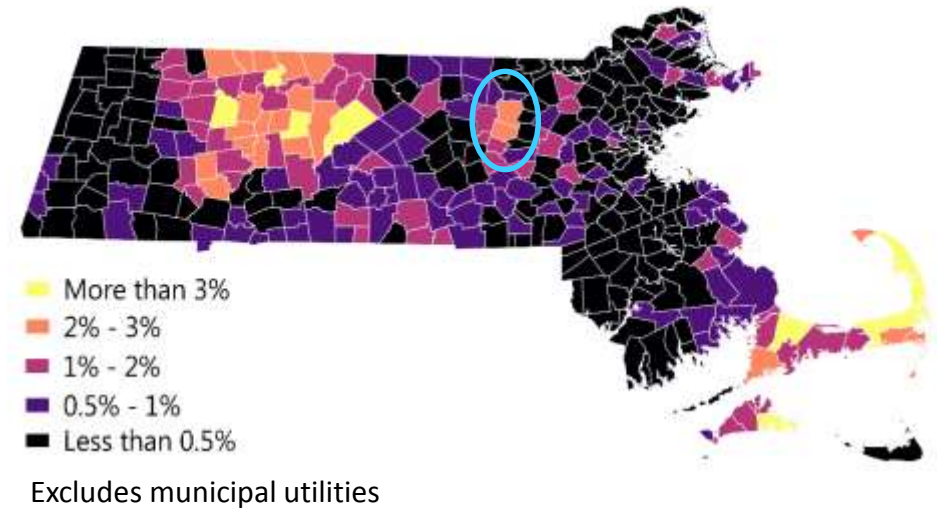
#EEexit?

Heat pump trends

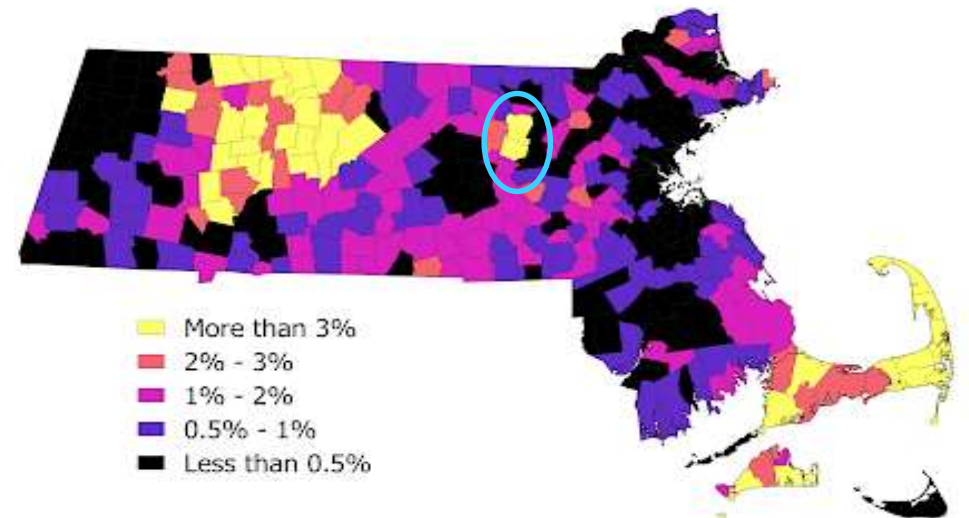
MA Heat pump sales Q4 2014 – Q4 2018



MA Residential Heat Pump Market share – through '17

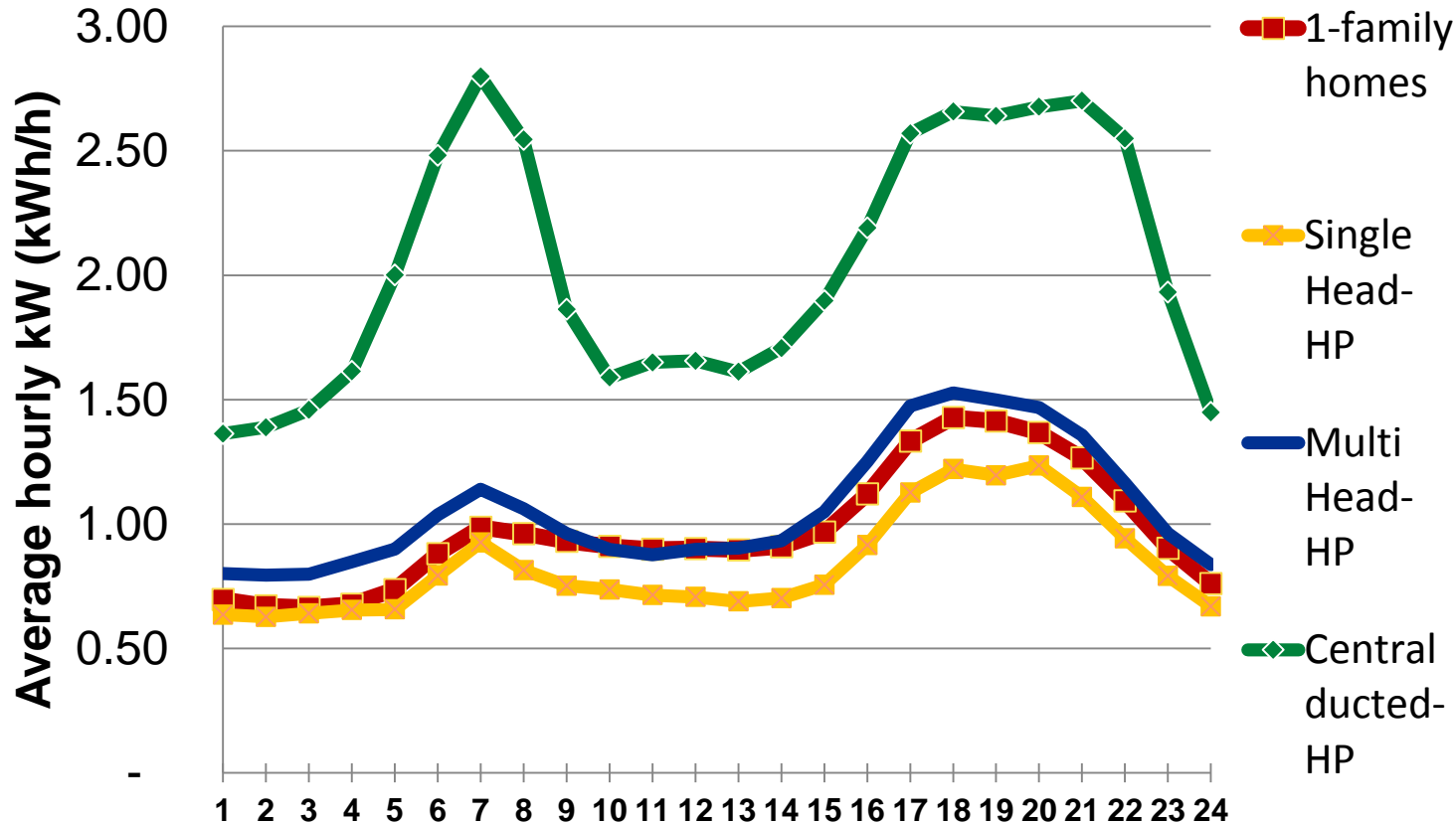


MA Residential Heat Pump Market share – through '18



If we electrify home heating, what technology should we use?

Heat pump winter average load shape
5 months: Nov 2017 – March 2018



- Not all heat pumps are worth the same environmentally or economically
- Ductless heat pumps are typically not used for heating
 - Must remove fossil fuel system to achieve results
- Ducted heat pumps use about 4,000 kWh/yr more than average home
 - Reduce CO2 by 30% to 50% over natural gas and oil

Data from **Sagewell SageSightSM** AMI meter data analytics software and Sagewell's AMI meter data library

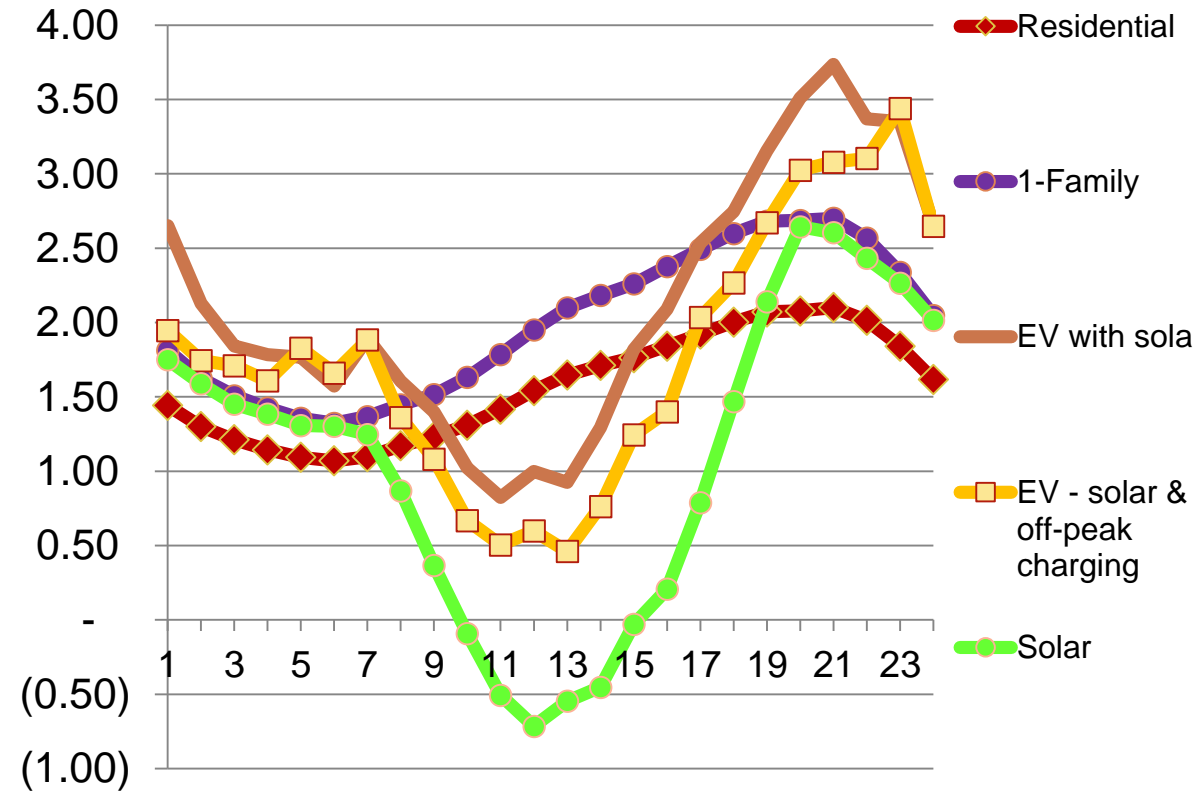
Importance of experimentation & failure

- “Fail fast” is important
- Celebrate failure, but change programs!
- EV Case study: trial and error
- Success! Finally! AMI data to the rescue.

	Option 1: AMI Data-driven prgrm	Option 2: hardware	Option 3: hardware	TOU Rate
Market penetration potential	85%	<30%	<30%	<30%
Effective off-peak charging success	95%+	80%+	50%+	33%
Works with Teslas?	✓	✗	✓	✓
Works without connectivity issues?	✓	✗	✗	✓
Market penetration potential	85%	30%	30%	25%
Effective off-peak charging success	95%	80%	50%	33%
Maximum peak reduction	81%	24%	15%	8%

WHAT IF:				
Market penetration potential	85%	30%	30%	5%
Effective off-peak charging success	30%	80%	50%	99%
Maximum peak reduction	26%	24%	15%	5.0%

Load shapes – EV, load management & solar



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